

STOP

Droplet Precautions



Use With Routine Practices

Dedicate or Clean and Disinfect Shared Equipment

OVER



DROPLET PRECAUTIONS

(Other PPE as per Routine Practices Risk Assessment)

Use Droplet Precautions for:

- Bacterial Meningitis (meningococcal) until 24 hrs of appropriate antibiotic therapy
- Pertussis (Whooping Cough)
- Rubella (German Measles)
- Mumps (Infectious parotitis)
- Epiglottitis (Haemophilus influenza Type B)
- Invasive Group A Streptococcus * **Add Contact Precautions if draining wound — until 24 hrs of appropriate antibiotic therapy**

NOTE: not all illnesses or conditions have been listed which require Droplet Precautions

TO DO

- Clean your hands before and after care, treatment and/or contact with environment
- Maintain at least a 2 metre separation between patients and draw a privacy curtain
- Wear procedure/surgical face mask and eye protection within 2 metres of patient
- Patient to wear a procedure/surgical mask when outside of room
- Only immune healthcare workers to be assigned to patient with known or suspected mumps/rubella. Exceptions to be discussed with Occupational Health and Infection Prevention & Control
- Pregnant healthcare workers should not be assigned a patient with rubella

Notify Infection Prevention & Control